

GARAGE MAN FINDS CLUE IN WARD CASE

Letter to New Jersey Woman Strengthens Story Slaying Was at Home.

By the Associated Press.
WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., June 8.—Another clue tending to substantiate the story of James J. Cunningham, race track "detective," that Walter S. Ward shot and killed Clarence Peters, former sailor, at the Ward home in New Rochelle on the night of May 15, bobbed up today as District Attorney Weeks was resuming investigation of the case before the grand jury.

The new clue was in the form of a letter, unsigned and unsealed, which Benjamin Kendall, a White Plains garage owner, turned over to the authorities, saying he found it in the house of J. Franklin Burke of Scarsdale, left with him Monday night to be washed. The letter addressed three Charles Dubois of Atlantic Highlands, N. J., read, in part, according to Kendall:

"Frank was there when it happened and left at 10:30. The glass that they found in the driveway was not from Ward's car at all. It came from mine. Ward didn't arrive until 9:30, although he was waiting."

Ward has maintained, since he surrendered asserting he had slain Peters in self-defense in connection with a blackmail attempt, that the killing occurred near Kew-Forest reservoir, where Peters' body was found.

Kendall declared today that when Mrs. Burke called for the coupe last Tuesday she inquired anxiously after the letter, and seemed excited when he told her he had not seen it.

Denies Attending Party.
Burke, who is connected with a New York woolen company, declared the letter had no bearing on the Ward case, and that neither he nor his wife had attended a card party at the Ward home on the night of the killing.

Referring to the statement concerning the broken glass in the letter, he admitted the glass in his car had been broken accidentally in starting the machine.

Alfred H. Hook, who lives across the street from the Wards, and whose Christian name, Frances, is abbreviated to "Frank" by her friends, admitted to newspaper men today that she was at the Ward card party on the night of the Peters shooting. She said Mrs. Burke was there also, but she did not see Peters.

"There was any shooting in the Ward house," she was asked.
"Positively none—there was no disturbance of any kind," she said.

EFFORT TO PRESENT SOLDIER BONUS BILL BLOCKED IN SENATE
(Continued from First Page.)

same at least a month and perhaps six weeks.

Plan Veterans Can Select.
This measure differs somewhat from the House bill and very widely from the bonus bill that was reported to the Senate last year and later sent back to the House committee at the request of President Harding.

The most important change from the original measure is the elimination of the cash bonus and replacement features. As now drafted the legislation gives each veteran the right to select any one of the following plans:

Adjusted service pay, but only if his adjusted service credit did not exceed \$50.
Adjusted service certificate with bank and government loan provisions.
Vocational training aid.
Land settlement aid.

The estimated cost for each of these plans is \$16,000,000 for the cash bonus, \$14,000,000 for the adjusted service certificate, \$12,425,000 for farm, home and land settlement aid and \$2,325,000 for vocational training. The expenses under vocational training and the cash bonus are paid by the government, while the other two are paid by the veterans.

Explaining the bill, Chairman McCumber said in his report that the amount of the adjusted service credit would be at the rate of \$12.50 per month for each year of service, and \$12.50 for foreign service, less to \$50 bonus paid when the veterans were discharged, however the total could exceed \$50 in the case of those who had only domestic service and \$62.50 for those who had both domestic and foreign service.

4 certificates Worth Three Times More.
The adjusted service certificates, payable at the end of twenty years from date of issue or sooner upon death, would have a face value of 2 1/2 times the total amount of the adjusted service credit. Until January 1, 1926, banks would be authorized to loan to the veterans an amount equal to 50 per cent of the adjusted service credit plus interest at the rate of 4 1/2 per cent compounded annually from the date of certificate. After January 1, 1926, the government would make loans on the certificates in varying amounts, according to the time negotiated.

Chairman McCumber said in his report that the committee had recommended elimination of the provision of the House bill for three reasons:

"Any reclamation scheme will be exceedingly expensive and will in the end necessitate the expenditure of one of the most valuable assets of the government, the land, and where the projects will be able to determine whether he could secure any right under such plan, and, in making an application for the aid the veterans would not know anything relative to the location, cost or advantage of the project."

"As a land settlement provision in place of the reclamation scheme would be given preference in making entry on any public or Indian lands open to entry. To pay for these lands they would be entitled to a sum equal to the adjusted service credit increased by 50 per cent."

TROOPS ON GUARD AS ROYALTY WEDS

(Continued from First Page.)

the representatives of the foreign royal families, cabinet members and government officials were guests.

Queen Marie of Rumania, in speaking of the marriage, expressed her satisfaction and added:

"The marriage unites the old Rumanian family with the younger dynasty of the Serbs, Croats and Slovenes. The Yugoslavs are especially happy because King Ferdinand and myself are connected with many of the royal families of Europe. They consider it a great stroke of good fortune for them and their future that their king should marry a Rumanian princess."

Engagement Announced.
Many little romances and royal love affairs which rumor had woven around the eligible young King of Yugoslavia were halted rather abruptly early this year by the official announcement that he would wed Princess Marie, second daughter of King Ferdinand and Queen Marie of Rumania.

Both King Alexander and Princess Marie had been reported engaged to various royal houses from time to time, but the first intimation that they were interested in each other came less than a year ago.

Despite the fact that he was known to be a rather proud, studious young man, the courts of Europe had buzzed with stories linking his name with various favorites of the Parisian night life. These were ignored at Bucharest, where the prince had told every one his ambitions. He was anxious to tighten the bonds between Yugoslavia and Rumania in order to insure peace to the Balkans, and he knew his marriage to Marie was the most decisive step he could take in this direction.

Yet the royal heads of Europe kept wagging. They knew the ruler of Yugoslavia was only thirty, and they knew, too, that he had displayed his fickleness once or twice before. They kept the devotion he showed upon Titians, eldest daughter of Czar Nicholas, who was lost to him through the executioners, and remembered only the suddenness with which he seemed to forget her and fall under the charm of Princess Sophie, daughter of Prince Emanuel, Duke of Vendome and Alencon, a member of the Bourbon Orleans family.

Rumors Denied in Paris.
The Yugoslav legation in Paris issued a denial of the rumors that he was engaged to Princess Sophie. Meanwhile the prince had seen much of Marie while he was convalescing in Paris from an attack of appendicitis. Almost his first act upon leaving the French capital was to visit the Rumanian royal chateau of Sinai, where he spent the Christmas holidays last year with the princess. This and various encouraging statements from the Bucharest court paved the way for a formal announcement.

The princess, in the meantime, had not been neglected by the matchmakers. She was considered the prettiest young girl of royal blood in Europe, which won her the affectionate title of "Mignon" in court circles. Long before she was mentioned in connection with Alexander she had been reported engaged to the Prince of Wales. She was known to be well liked at Windsor Palace, where she was a constant visitor while attending school in England. When this match failed to develop fast enough for the gossip she transferred her affections to King Boris of Bulgaria, only to find herself thwarted by official denials from the royal households of both Rumania and Bulgaria.

Her marriage today marks the first wedding in Europe since the war in which the bride and groom were both of reigning families.

Plans for the wedding have attracted considerable attention to the Rumanian rulers. Queen Marie intends to visit the United States—a trip she has planned several times since the armistice. In view of the fact that she faces her own coronation ceremony, tentatively set for some time in the near future, she is expected to leave for the United States after the wedding and postpone the coronation if necessary.

She issued a statement recently to the effect that many pressing invitations to the prince had been received from clubs and societies in the United States and that she found it difficult to resist them.

King Alexander, second son of the late King Peter of Serbia, became heir apparent to his father's throne in 1909, when his elder brother, Prince George, renounced his rights as a sequel to a bitter press campaign in which the king's alleged outrages were charged against him. The campaign was intensified after the coronation of the king, who had murdered one of his servants during a fit of anger.

Austrian, became the predominant state in the organization of Yugoslavia, therefore, it was certain that its prince regent, as Alexander had been designated when King Peter retired in 1914, was headed straight for the new throne.

He had won the respect and esteem of the Balkans in many ways, but chiefly through his efforts to unite the Serbs, Croats and Slovenes under the Austrian yoke. These endeavors won him the title of "Peacemaker" and he was warmly approved.

King Peter died in August, 1921, at the age of seventy-six, and Alexander, then suffering from an attack of appendicitis in a Paris hospital, was designated his father's successor at Belgrade.

King Alexander was born in 1888. As a youth he was frail and sickly, but his career began to give more promise after several years of hard campaigning at the head of Serbia's army. His education was completed at Petrograd and his first real military training was obtained in the Balkan war of 1914.

Devoted to Allied Cause.
Throughout the world war he was devoted to the allied cause. It was Alexander who ordered the mobilization of Serbia's army and personally led it into battle. He was severely wounded in the fighting around Belgrade before his troops were forced to evacuate the city, and barely escaped capture at Nish, where he set up a temporary government. He was held by the Austrians for several months.

Several attempts were made to assassinate him during his captivity, but he escaped after he became king. The latest of these occurred in June, 1921, and resulted in the death of one person and the wounding of six others. Some 14,000 persons were arrested as a result of the plot.

The young Princess Marie, called

SHALL INDUSTRIAL HOME SCHOOL BE KEPT OPEN FOR YOUNGSTERS LIKE THESE?



A sharp difference of opinion has developed over the recommendation of the board of children's guardians that the school be discontinued after July 1. Lower—Eight chubby residents of the school.

the prettiest princess in Europe, is only twenty-two years of age. She is the second daughter of King Ferdinand and Queen Marie of Rumania and is not well known for the reason that her life has been spent almost at home, except for a short period in England, where she attended school.

Her mother, born an English girl, has one of the most interesting personalities to be found among the crowned heads of Europe. While she has been charged with the duty of building up a tremendous power by marrying her children to the greatest political advantages, she has stated emphatically that the betrothal of "It is a mistake and unfair to say that it is a political marriage," she said recently. "Even among kings and princesses there is such a thing as love at first sight. That is what happened in this case."

BIG STEEL MERGER PLANS DISCLOSED
Midvale - Inland - Republic Combine to Have Capital of \$132,814,587.

By the Associated Press.
NEW YORK, June 8.—The terms of the proposed merger of Midvale steel and Ordnance Company, Inland Steel Company and Republic Iron and Steel Company, with issued capital of \$132,814,587 were made public last night in a letter to stockholders.

The letter stated that details had not been definitely settled and that the plan was subject to changes. The Midvale and Inland companies will consolidate and take the name of the North American Steel Corporation, the letter explained, and this corporation will acquire, subject to its liabilities, the assets of the Republic company.

Before the consolidation of the properties, the letter added, "Midvale will place its Nicetown plant in a separate corporation, stock of which will be distributed pro rata to the stockholders of the Midvale Company. This separate corporation will continue as a separate enterprise, and will make the new corporation's total working capital more than \$100,000,000."

The plan contemplates, the letter added, "that the corporation will sell to Mr. Thomas L. Chubb, for \$25,000,000, 25,000 common shares at \$10 per share, and to Messrs. Kuhn, Loeb & Co. \$5,000,000 common shares at \$10 per share. On completion of the plan, it is estimated that the corporation's fixed charges will amount to approximately \$2,500,000 and the preferred stock dividends to \$3,528,202. The total rated net capacity will be 5,249,000 tons yearly."

\$4,000,000 BACHELOR HOTEL.
CHICAGO, June 8.—A twenty-story, 750-room bachelor hotel, to cost \$4,000,000, will be built on Michigan boulevard, and opened next spring by New York interests. It was announced today. It was said that work on the building would start within thirty days.

Princess Pat
Shoes for women who want real comfort and style combined in white canvas, brown and black kid strap pumps and oxfords.

Wolf's Walk-Over Stores
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PLAN SUIT TO SAVE INDUSTRIAL HOME

Injunction to Prevent Removal of Children One of Two Proposals.

Two definite plans to keep the Industrial Home School open, despite the movement to close its doors by removing children residing there to private homes, were placed on foot yesterday, and today are gaining force.

The first is to seek an injunction restraining the board of children's guardians from taking children out of the school and placing them into homes where surroundings, environment and conditions are not up to the highest standard, or at least, the standard maintained in the school.

The second is to offset the deterioration of the Industrial Home School by placing it under the board of education as a special school.

Both are outgrowths of a meeting of the Congress of Mothers and Parent-Teacher Association at the Langdon School yesterday afternoon.

The organization first endorsed the stand of Mrs. Edmund Brennan in organizing the system of "farming out" children to private homes. Then it took an additional step. It voted unanimously to appoint a special committee for investigation and report on the ways and means of securing a restraining order made an actuality.

Home Trustees to Meet.
One hinge of the injunction proceedings may be a meeting of the board of trustees of the Industrial Home School this afternoon. At this meeting, it is expected, the entire situation will be thrashed out. If the board of trustees does not decide on its own accord to apply for such an injunction, the parent-teacher organization, it was definitely provided, will proceed to do so.

The plan of placing the school under the board of education as a special school is being looked into. Superintendent Patterson of the special schools of the local educational system already has talked over the phone with an official of the parent-teacher body along this line.

The board of charities met yesterday to discuss the situation. A number of new complaints regarding activities of the Board of Children's Guardians were made before the board at the eleventh hour. Full investigation of the complaints is to be made. Investigators of the board today are in Virginia looking over some of the homes mentioned in the complaints as being unsuitable places to which children were farmed out by the Board of Children's Guardians. The board's capacity is an advisory one for the District Commissioners. It has full power to investigate into conditions surrounding such cases as cited, and its report and recommendations are looked forward to by those in favor of keeping the Industrial Home School open with eagerness, in the belief that the moral strength which such a report will bring with it will be invaluable to one side or the other.

Action Awaits Trustees.
Everything is waiting today on the decision or action of the board of trustees of the Industrial Home School. Chairman McReynolds called the meeting for late this afternoon and a full attendance is expected.

In the meantime the citizens' committee, composed of women interested in the situation, continues investigating the conditions surrounding the homes to which children have been sent by the Board of Children's Guardians. A definite report along this line is expected within a few days.

Supporters of the Industrial Home School are continually pointing to the ideal conditions existing there under the superintendence of Albert Herlick for more than a year. Frank H. Jelliff, a member of the board of trustees of the home, declared today that he had direct information to the effect that many children on leaving the school have gone away in tears. The school, he pointed out, is open at all times for inspection and visits from citizens are welcomed.

SAY REDS ROB TOMBS.
Accused of Violating Graves of Former Russ Rulers.

By the Associated Press.
PARIS, June 8.—The Russian Bolsheviks, leaving no stone unturned in their work of ferreting out church treasures for confiscation, have violated the tombs of the czars and czarettas in St. Peter and Paul's Cathedral, Petrograd, says Le Journal, quoting private advices.

The tomb of the czarina, Anna Ivanovna, which is made of silver, was removed bodily, and the coffin of Catherine the Great was broken open and a necklace and rings of great value were taken.

The Bolsheviks are declared to have buried the lid from Peter the Great's coffin, but, finding the body marvellously preserved, they took it out and dared not strip it of its jewels.

FOUR ARRESTED FOR 'BADGER' GAME
Three men and a woman are under arrest in connection with the investigation of a so-called "badger" game worked on George V. Whittle, Seattle, Wash., an expert accountant here on government work, Wednesday afternoon. Whittle told the police he gave up \$1,750 in cash and a draft on a New York bank for \$250, payment of the draft being stopped. The detectives recovered \$600 of the money.

John Franklin Austin, thirty years old, who says he is a son of a United States judge, and Mrs. Florence Austin, his wife, thirty-two years old, also a North Carolinian, and John Martin Brown, thirty-five years old, 1526 North Hutchinson street, Philadelphia, are held as alleged blackmailers while Truman Wise, 221 1/2 street southwest, elevator conductor at the Powhatan Hotel, is held as a witness.

Said to Be Drug Addicts.
Whittle was registered at the Powhatan, while the Austins were located at Capitol Park Hotel. Husband and wife, the police stated, admitted they were drug addicts.

According to the story gathered by detectives Sweeney, Fitzgerald, Wall, and Wooten, the four men and woman, who were arrested, were conducting the investigation and made the arrest. Whittle was asked by Wise if he wanted to meet a young lady, and after several conversations, it is stated, Whittle gave an affirmative answer.

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The Seattle man met Florence Austin in the lobby of the Washington Hotel and went with her to the Cairo, where she was registered as wife and husband and the couple went on to the room. Before the room door was closed, it is stated, Austin and a man who has not been arrested, suggested that Whittle put up a \$2,500 cash bond, which he could forfeit and end the affair. His suggestion received favorable consideration, Whittle who had a home for \$1,500, obtained a draft for \$250 and borrowed \$250 at the Powhatan, turning the money over and draft over to the alleged swindlers Wednesday night.

Mrs. Austin had \$700 in her possession and her husband \$100 when arrested. Brown had only a few dollars in his pockets, the missing man having a greater part of the proceeds of the alleged blackmail scheme.

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Summer Portieres of antique crash; 88 inches wide and 23 1/2 yards long; natural color with stenciled design borders on both sides. Regularly \$8.00. Special \$6.85 Pair
Voile Curtains; fine quality, 2 1/4 yards long; white and ecru; 2-inch hemstitched edges, trimmed with lace. Regularly \$4.00. Special, \$1.75 Pair

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Two sizes only—4.6x7.6 and 4x7. Values up to \$8.50. Special to close—either size, \$3.65.
EXTRA SPECIALS
Lamp Dep't
50 Iron Bridge Lamps—adjustable arm, forked base, with hand-painted banded parchment shade. Special, \$5.75 Complete

200 more of those Grass and Fiber Rugs, in 3 sizes—8x10, 7.5x10.6 and 8.5x10.6. Values up to \$18. Special to close out, \$7.75 for choice of sizes.
A few 9x12 Grass, in green only, are included at the above price.

The Linen Shop
A special one-day sale of Mohawk Cotton Sheets, made by the Utica Steam Cotton Mills, Utica, N. Y. Quality guaranteed. Torn sizes before hemming.
Sheets 54x90 inches; regular \$1.35. For \$1.00 each.
Sheets 63x90 inches; regular \$1.50. For \$1.16 each.
Sheets 72x90 inches; regular \$1.65. For \$1.25 each.
Sheets 81x90 inches; regular \$1.80. For \$1.30 each.
Sheets 81x99 inches; regular \$1.95. For \$1.45 each.
Sheets 90x99 inches; regular \$2.10. For \$1.55 each.
Sheets 90x108 inches; regular \$2.30. For \$1.70 each.
Cases 45x36 inches; regular 45c. For 35c each.

Bleached Pure Irish Linen Table Damask; 70 inches wide; assorted designs. \$2.25 regular.
For \$1.85 Yard
Napkins to Match
Bleached; 20 inches; to match; \$5.50 regular.
\$4.75 Dozen
Bleached Pure Irish Linen Crash Toweling, red or blue borders.
Special, 20c Yard

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